

I am writing because I am strongly opposed to the proposed business Opportunity Rule R511993. I understand that the FDA must protect the public from "unfair and deceptive acts or practices" but the rule as proposed would make it very difficult for me to operate my business as a Shaklee Independent Distributor.

The seven-day waiting period to enroll new distributors is a confusing and bothersome section of the proposal. Most of the people who sign a Shaklee application are consumers of the products already. If they later wish to build a business all they must do is supply Shaklee Corporation with their Social Security Number or Tax ID Number. No additional kit, fee or application is required. The Shaklee Member Kit costs only \$19.95. This is far less than most consumer purchases, from TV's to all manner of household appliances, none of which require a waiting period. The waiting period is also unnecessary in that Shaklee Corporation already has a 90% buyback policy for products, including the Member Kit, purchased by a distributor within the last two years.

Additionally, I am uncomfortable with the proposed rule to disclose a minimum of 10 prior purchasers nearest to the prospective purchaser. It would require me to give out personal information of other Shaklee distributors without their knowledge or consent. In this day and age of identity theft this would create another area to fraud in order to try to stop a current fraud problem. I understand that those who sign up after the rule takes effect would be told in writing "If you buy a business opportunity from the seller, your contact information can be disclosed in the future to other buyers." This would dissuade new people from signing up as distributors as they are concerned not only about identity theft but also about their privacy. Providing the 10 references also could damage the businesses of Shaklee distributors. Lower ranking distributors often are involved in more than one direct selling company. Providing a list to a potential recruit, who may already be a distributor for a competing direct selling company, may be an invitation to solicit existing distributors for such other opportunity. Yet another area of fraud this bill would create in effort to stop a current fraud.

The 10 reference requirement is an administrative burden. To obtain the list of 10 prior purchasers, I will need to provide Shaklee Corporation with the prospective distributor's address, and wait to receive the list of the 10 nearest distributors who became distributors within the past 3 years. Each prospective recruit will need a customized disclosure statement. This will result in a delay far longer than seven calendar days before anyone can sign an application. Many people enter direct to earn extra income for a specific goal, such as holiday purchases or a family vacation. The wait which the proposed rule creates may make the goal unattainable.

The proposed rule calls for the release of any information regarding lawsuits that allege misrepresentation, of unfair or deceptive practices over a 10 year period. It does not matter if the company was found innocent or not liable. It does not make sense to me that I would have to disclose these lawsuits unless Shaklee Corporation, or its officers, directors or sales department employees, had been found guilty or liable. 50 year old companies such as Shaklee would be at a disadvantage compared to start-up companies,

which may not yet have experienced litigation but are far more likely to have legal issues surrounding their opportunities.

I have been a Shaklee distributor for more than 22 years. Originally, I became a Shaklee distributor because I love the Company's integrity, nutritional/personal care/household products and wanted to earn some additional income working from home. Now I and my family (3 children in college) depend upon this extra income for our livelihood.

Thank you for considering my comments.

Sincerely,

Deborah Barker